# DAILY CURRENT AFFAIRS ANALYSIS

# **05 SEPTEMBER 2023**

# 1 – About the Organized Crime and Corruption Reporting Project:

# **GS II**

# **Government Policies and Interventions**

#### • Context:

• The Organised Crime and Corruption Reporting Project (OCCRP) has charged The Adami Group with stock manipulation.

#### Important details:

- The Organised Crime and Corruption Reporting Project (OCCRP) is a global network of investigative journalists with personnel on six continents.
- It was founded in 2006 and focuses on organised crime and corruption.
- OCCRP works with and aids more than 50 independent media outlets throughout Europe, Africa, the Caucasus, and Central Asia.
- With assistance from the United Nations Democracy Fund (UNDEF), the OCCRP network first opened a branch in Sarajevo.
- The objective is to create a network of journalists working on a global scale with straightforward communication and information-sharing in order to better comprehend and expose global networks of corruption and crime.
- The OCCRP is funded by both state-sponsored and non-state institutional actors as well as modest private contributions.

#### • Source → The Hindu

# 2 – Details of the Haryana's Parivar Pehchan Patra:

# **GS II**

# **Government Policies and Interventions**

- Context:
- A political party announced it will scrap the government's signature Parivar Pehchan Patra (PPP) initiative.
- About:
- Under the PPP, each household receives a unique, eight-digit Identity number.
- To access various government services and social security programmes, any household with members who reside in Haryana must enrol in the PPP.

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- Three procedures exist for producing a PPP ID:
- Village-level Common Service Centres run by entrepreneurs,
- the SARAL Kendras of the state government, and
- Operators of data gathering registered through PPP.
- Based on a self-declaration that is signed by an adult family member, information about a family is acquired.
- What makes the PPP different from the Aadhaar card?
- It is significantly more difficult to deliver than Aadhar.
- Aadhar solely keeps unique identity information, whereas PPP goes over and above to keep socioeconomic data in addition to the unique identification information.
- Aadhar only verifies identity; in contrast, the PPP employs specific procedures to verify all of the information fields that are accessible.
- Source → The Hindu

# 3 – About the Sagar Parikrama IV:

# **GS II**

# **Government Policies and Interventions**

#### • Context:

• The Indian Navy intensifies its preparations for Sagar Parikrama IV

#### • Important details:

- Beginning Sagar Parikrama IV preparations in Goa was given the go light by the Indian Navy.
- Sagar Parikrama IV will be a ground-breaking endeavour and a turning point for India's ocean sailing industry.
- In order to organise a maritime voyage around all coastal states and union territories, there is a programme called Sagar Parikrama.
- It aims to help fishermen, meet their requirements, and advance their economic development by implementing various fisheries strategies and initiatives.

# Primary Objectives:

- to encourage dialogue with fishermen and other interested parties to inform them of the many government efforts and schemes
- expressing a commitment to all fisherman as a representation of Aatmanirbhar Bharat.
- to enhance moral fishing with an emphasis on long-term growth
- protecting marine ecosystems

#### • Source → The Hindu

# 4 – Details of the Ramon Magsaysay award:

# **GS II**

# **Government Policies and Interventions**

#### • Context:

Assamese oncologist Ravi Kannan has won the 2023 Ramon Magsaysay Award.

#### About:

- It first began in 1957.
- It was created to uphold Ramon Magsaysay, a former president of the Philippines,' ideas of a democratic society and integrity in leadership.
- The funding of it by the Rockefeller Brothers trustees was approved by the Philippine government.
- Ramon Magsaysay was the Philippines' third president following World War II.
- The organisation gives the honour to Asians who achieve in their field.

#### • Other info:

- The Award honours and rewards individuals and organisations from all across Asia who have distinguished themselves and have generously helped others without seeking public recognition, regardless of colour, creed, gender, or nationality.
- Each year, the foundation's trustees select the recipients, who are then presented with a medal and a certificate.
- The first Ramon Magsaysay Awards were given to five individuals from five different countries: India, Indonesia, the Philippines, China (Taiwan), Sri Lanka, and a Philippine-based organisation.

#### • Source → The Hindu

# **5 – About the Adopt a Heritage 2.0 programme:**

# **GS II**

# **Government Policies and Interventions**

#### • Context:

• The Archaeological Survey of India (ASI) will launch the Adopt a Heritage 2.0 programme.

#### • About:

- In collaboration with the Ministry of Culture, the Archaeological Survey of India, and the Ministry of Tourism, the Adopt a Heritage: Apni Dharohar, Apni Pehchaan campaign was developed.
- That year saw its release.
- The Indian government welcomes businesses, both public and private, as well as individuals, to establish certain monuments, historic sites, and tourist destinations around India.
- The development of these tourist locations necessitates the provision and maintenance of both basic and modern services, such as:
- drinking water
- accessibility for seniors and individuals with impairments
- standardised signs
- cleanliness
- public services like lights
- monitoring technology
- choices for looking at night
- centres that support tourism.

# • Choosing monuments:

- Based on visibility and tourist volume, the monuments and venues are selected.
- Who could accomplish that?
- Businesses and individuals in the public and commercial sectors can use it.
- It would have a five-year initial term.

- How monument mitras are selected:
- Based on the bidder's "vision" for the construction of all amenities at the historic site, the "oversight and vision committee" selects the Monument Mitras.
- There is no corresponding cash offer.
- The corporate sector is anticipated to pay for facility upkeep with money from CSR (corporate social responsibility).
- The Monument Mitras will gain some prominence both on the site's grounds and on the Incredible India website.
- The oversight committee also has the power to terminate a memorandum of understanding for non-performance or non-compliance.
- Source  $\rightarrow$  The Hindu

